NORTH DAKOTA CROP, LIVESTOCK & WEATHER REPORT



Cooperating With:
NDSU EXTENSION SERVICE,
FARM SERVICE AGENCY,
ND AG WEATHER NETWORK (NDAWN) and
UND AEROSPACE REGIONAL WEATHER
INFORMATION CENTER

Released: June 23, 2003 For Week Ending: June 22, 2003

General: High winds followed by thunderstorms late in the week stopped spraying progress for many producers, according to the North Dakota Agricultural Statistics Service. Broadleaf spraying was 77 percent complete and wild oats spraying was 87 percent complete by week's end. Thunderstorms at the end of the week left standing water in fields in the northeast part of the state. Grasshopper and insect infestations have been reported in the northwest. A statewide average of 5.9 days were suitable for fieldwork.

Hot, dry winds late in the week have started to stress crops and pastures in the southwest and south central areas of the state. Rainfall amounts in excess of 2 inches were reported in the Red River Valley. Statewide average topsoil moisture supplies on June 22 were rated 2 percent very short, 8 short, 77 adequate and 13 surplus compared to 11 percent very short, 18 short, 61 adequate and 10 surplus last year.

<u>Crops</u>: As of June 22, 17 percent of the hard red spring wheat crop was headed and beyond, compared to the five-year (1998-2002) average of 11 percent. Durum wheat and barley were 6 and 16 percent headed and beyond, respectively, ahead of average. Small grain crop condition ratings saw improvements in the excellent category last week.

Eighty-seven percent of the corn crop was rated in good to excellent condition compared to 52 percent rated good to excellent on June 23, 2002. The sunflower crop was 85 percent emerged compared to 87 percent last year and was rated 81 percent good to excellent condition. The soybean crop was 99 percent emerged compared to the five-year average of 97 percent. The condition of the crop was rated 86 percent good to excellent compared to 53 percent rated good to excellent last year. Flaxseed and potatoes were 98 and 90 percent emerged, respectively. Canola was 25 percent blooming and beyond by weeks end, ahead of the five-year average. Canola crop condition was rated 85 percent good to excellent compared to 57 percent rated good to excellent last year.

Livestock: Pasture and rangeland conditions were rated 1 percent very poor, 6 poor, 24 fair, 54 good and 15 excellent compared to 12 percent very poor, 22 poor, 41 fair, 24 good and 1 excellent on June 23, 2002. Stockwater supplies were rated 1 percent very short, 6 short, 89 adequate and 4 excellent, unchanged from last week. The hay crop condition was rated 1 percent very poor, 4 poor, 24 fair, 56 good and 15 excellent. First cutting alfalfa was 29 percent complete and other hay baling was 10 percent complete.

Crop Development Progress ^{1/} June 22, 2003 with Comparisons

Julie 22, 2003 with Companisons								
Crop	This Week	Last Week	Last Year	1998-02 Avg.				
	(Percent)							
BARLEY	(. 5.55)							
Jointing	77	46	49	58				
Boot	38	15	14	27				
Headed	16	3	3	9				
DURUM WHEAT								
Jointing	47	23	22	33				
Boot	15	3	6	10				
Headed	6	0	0	2				
HRS WHEAT								
Jointing	71	46	52	62				
Boot	41	15	23	32				
Headed	17	1	6	11				
OATS								
Jointing	69	46	49	61				
Boot	32	11	18	30				
Headed	7	0	4	9				
CANOLA								
Rosette	78	48	61	70				
Blooming	25	4	4	16				
DRY EDIBLE BEANS								
Emerged	93	75	96	96				
FLAXSEED								
Emerged	98	95	100	98				
POTATOES								
Emerged	90	76	99	94				
SOYBEANS								
Emerged	99	90	100	97				
SUNFLOWER								
Planted	99	96	100	99				
Emerged	85	65	87	89				

^{1/} Crop development percents represent all acreage in or beyond each stage.

Crop and Pasture Condition Week Ending June 22, 2003

Crop	Very Poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(Percent)				
Barley	0	1	10	61	28
Durum Wheat	0	1	15	72	12
HRS Wheat	0	1	13	59	27
Oats	0	1	14	68	17
Canola	0	1	14	57	28
Corn, All	0	1	12	65	22
Dry Edible Beans	0	3	18	61	18
Flaxseed	0	0	18	65	17
Potatoes	0	1	17	67	15
Soybeans	1	2	11	58	28
Sugarbeets	1	2	19	50	28
Sunflowers	0	2	17	64	17
Hay	1	4	24	56	15
Pasture and Range	1	6	24	54	15

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Soil Moisture: North Dakota, June 22, 2003

Date	V. Short	Short	Adq.	Surplus			
	(Percent)						
TOPSOIL							
This Week	2	8	77	13			
Last Week	1	5	82	12			
Last Year	11	18	61	10			
98-02 Avg	2	7	75	16			
SUBSOIL							
This Week	2	12	75	11			
Last Week	2	12	76	10			
Last Year	6	22	64	8			
98-02 Avg	2	11	73	14			

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Surplus **Temperature & Precipitation:** Districts and Stations North Dakota, Week ending June 22, 2003

Very Short

Short

District		Average Temperature		Seasonal Precipitation Beginning March 29			
Averages		Past Week	Depart Normal ^{1/}	Past Week	Total	Depart Normal 1/	
		(Degr	ees F)	(Inches)			
Northwest	(1)	69	5	0.17	4.30	-1.44	
N. Central	(2)	67	3	0.24	4.39	-1.73	
Northeast	(3)	67	3	0.33	6.32	0.45	
W. Central	(4)	69	4	0.08	5.54	-1.08	
Central	(5)	67	2	0.64	8.23	1.65	
E. Central	(6)	68	2	0.86	7.12	0.47	
Southwest	(7)	69	4	0.03	5.13	-1.79	
S. Central	(8)	67	2	0.33	6.32	-0.00	
Southeast	(9)	68	2	1.61	9.00	2.42	

Adequate

Topsoil Moisture Supplies

June 22, 2003

Crosby

1/ Normal is the 1961-90 average. NA = Not Available.
Weather data collected from NDAWN stations and compiled by UND
Aerospace Regional Weather Information Center. Temperature & Precipitation: Districts and Stations

North Dakota, Week ending June 22, 2003

Stations	Temperature Past Week		Seasonal Precipitation Beginning March 29		
by District	High	Low	Past Week	Total	Depart Normal 1/
	High (Degree 90 92 88 86 84 90 89 86 86 87 84 83 88 84 90 86 84 84 84 85 86 85 86 85 86 86 86 86 86 86			Total (Inches) 2.80 5.06 3.90 5.44 5.37 3.56 4.25 5.20 7.13 6.17 6.53 5.99 6.90 5.96 6.86 3.79 6.81 8.98 10.21 8.06 7.08 6.65 7.18 7.54 5.83 4.81 5.33 4.53 6.75	Depart Normal 1/ -2.87
Linton (9) Edgeley Oakes Wyndmere	84 82 86 87	50 50 51 53	0.65 0.68 1.83 2.32	5.89 9.71 9.45 7.85	-0.81 2.83 2.85 1.60

/ Normal is the 1961-90 average. NA=Not Available. /eather data collected from NDAWN stations and compiled by UND erospace Regional Weather Information Center.

Weather: Last week the entire state saw many days well into the 80s. Maximum high temperatures last week reached a scorching 92 degrees in Williston and 90 in Bottineau, Watford City and Bowbells. The remainder of the state saw maximum highs in the mid-to-upper 80s. Lows were still falling into the mid-40s in some areas but on average, overnight temperatures remained in the 50s.

Fairly dry conditions across the state for the week. Areas not receiving any precipitation were Mohall, Baker, Hazen, Dickinson, Hettinger and Bismarck. The greatest rainfall amounts were reported in Robinson, Fargo, Oakes, and Wyndmere. The remainder of the state reported rainfall amounts of less than an inch. Many parts of the state still have below normal precipitation amounts for this time of year. Bowbells, Mohall, Bottineau, Watford City, Bowman, and Hettinger are 2.00 inches or greater below normal.

Outlook, June 16-22: A change is in store for the week ahead. Temperatures will struggle to climb out of the 70s and even 60s through mid-week but will return to summerlike highs by the end of the week heading into the weekend. Expect temperatures in the 70s across the state Monday through Wednesday with cooler temperatures out west. Thursday will usher in some warmer weather with highs in the upper 70s west to the low 80s east with the same conditions on Friday. The weekend shows temperatures in the low to mid 80s statewide.

There is a chance for precipitation all week. Expect dry conditions by the weekend. The precipitation chance comes in the form of chance of thunderstorms so there is the potential for severe weather early this week, mainly in the southeast and south central portions of the state. Rainfall amounts for the week could range from as little as 0.0 inches to as much as 3.0 inches. The northern portion of the state looks to receive the smallest amount of precipitation this week with weekly totals increasing further south. With the chance of heavy precipitation events early in the southeast, the potential exists for as much as 1.5 to 3.0 inches in the southeast. South central North Dakota could receive anywhere from a half an inch to an inch. The central, west and northeast portions of the state could receive precipitation amounts from as little as 0.01 of an inch to as much as 0.50 of an inch with the greatest amounts further south.